



Drošība mākonī jeb kas būtu jāzina katram par datu drošību mākonī

Jānis Bērziņš, SQUALIO (DPA group) Senior Infrastructure Solutions Consultant

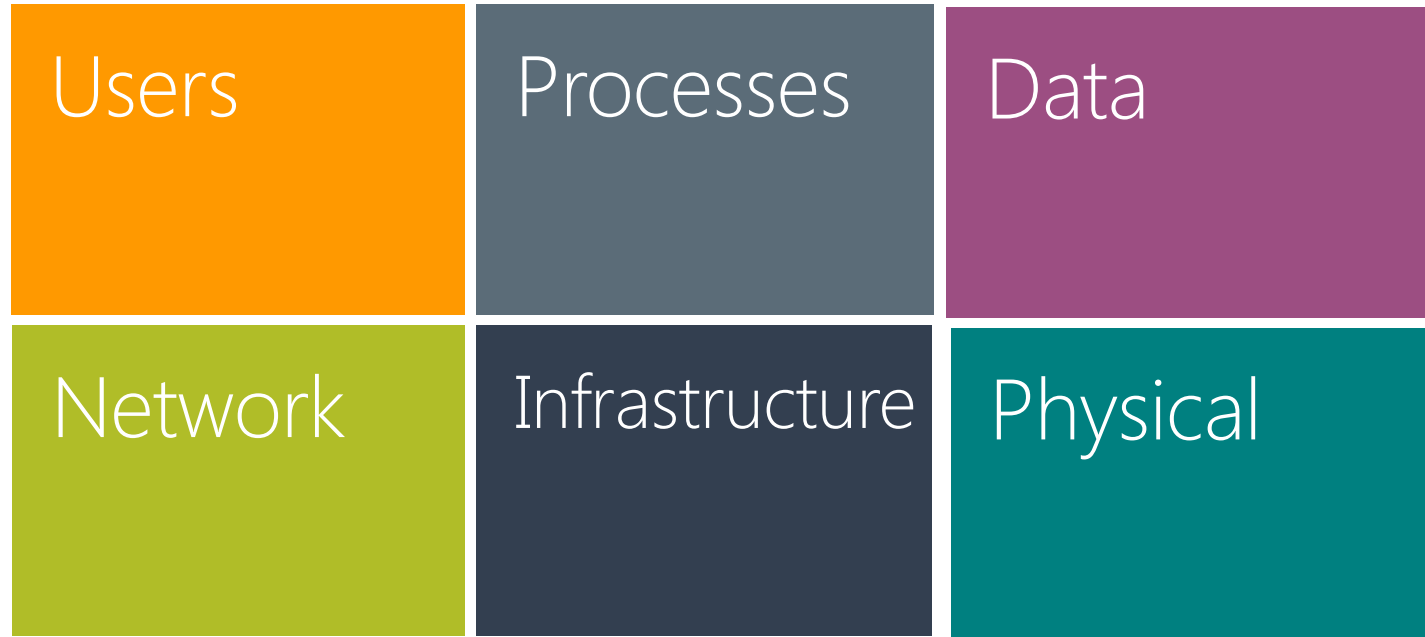
Is cloud secure
or not?

What is
information
security?

Facts and
numbers

Cloud security

What is information security?





TOP 3 barriers to adoption of Cloud Services

28% Data location, security and privacy risks

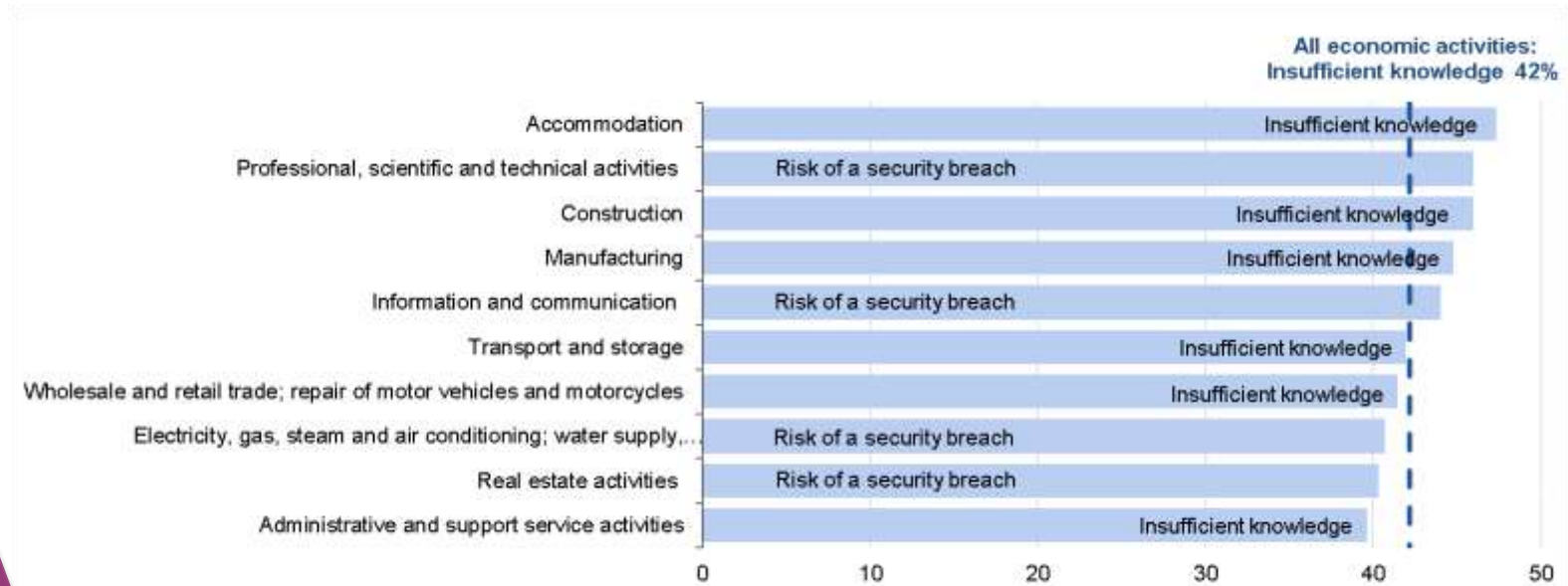
17% Integration with existing IT

16% Regulatory and compliance concerns

Data source: KPMG research- <http://www.kpmg-institutes.com/institutes/shared-services-outsourcing-institute/articles/2015/03/spps-it-outsourcing-management-summary-2014-15.html>

Factors preventing from using cloud computing services

Data source: Eurostat - [http://ec.europa.eu/eurostat/statistics-explained/mobile/index.php#Page?title=Cloud computing - statistics on the use by enterprises&lg=en](http://ec.europa.eu/eurostat/statistics-explained/mobile/index.php#Page?title=Cloud%20computing%20-%20statistics%20on%20the%20use%20by%20enterprises&lg=en)



Insufficient knowledge and risk of a security breach are the main factors

Large enterprises:

57% Risk of security breach

48% Location of data, legal jurisdiction

17% Insufficient knowledge and skills

Small and medium enterprises:

38% Risk of security breach

32% Insufficient knowledge and skills

32% High cost of cloud computing



Factors limiting use of cloud Services

Data source: Eurostat - [http://ec.europa.eu/eurostat/statistics-explained/mobile/index.php#Page?title=Cloud computing - statistics on the use by enterprises&lg=en](http://ec.europa.eu/eurostat/statistics-explained/mobile/index.php#Page?title=Cloud%20computing%20-%20statistics%20on%20the%20use%20by%20enterprises&lg=en)

IT security statistics don't change



96%

SIMPLE ATTACKS

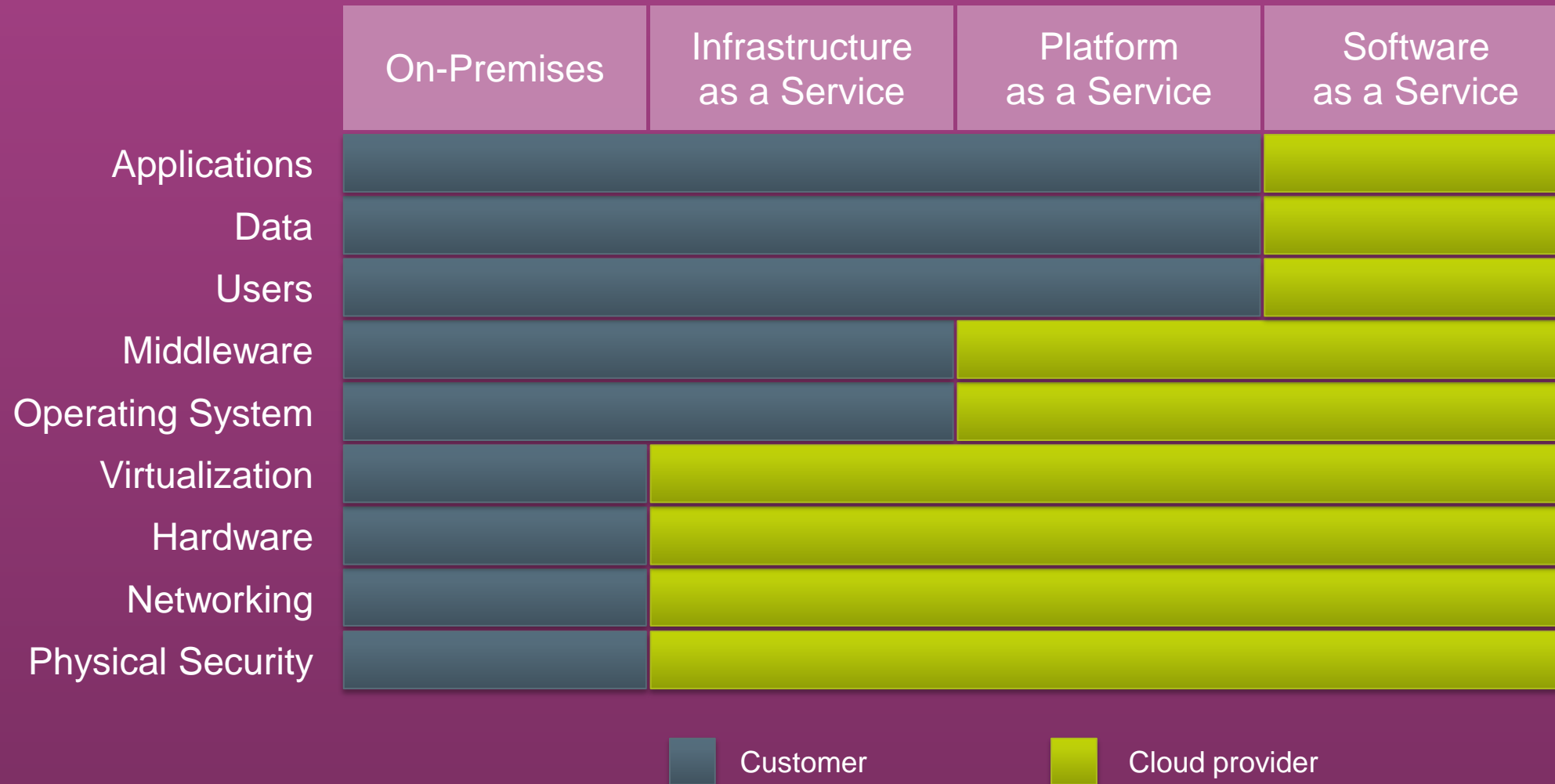
«TO DATE, THERE HAVE BEEN

VERY FEW 
SECURITY
BREACHES IN THE
PUBLIC CLOUD

- MOST BREACHES
CONTINUE TO INVOLVE
ON-PREMISES DATA
CENTER ENVIRONMENTS.»

Shared responsibility

REDUCES SECURITY COSTS + MAINTAINS FLEXIBILITY, ACCESS, & CONTROL





Physical security

Cameras

24X7 security staff

Barriers

Fencing

Alarms

Two-factor access control:
Biometric readers & card
readers

Security operations center

Seismic bracing

Days of backup power



Perimeter



Building



Computer room

Infrastructure security

Physical &
logical security

Systems
management
& monitoring

Threat
defense

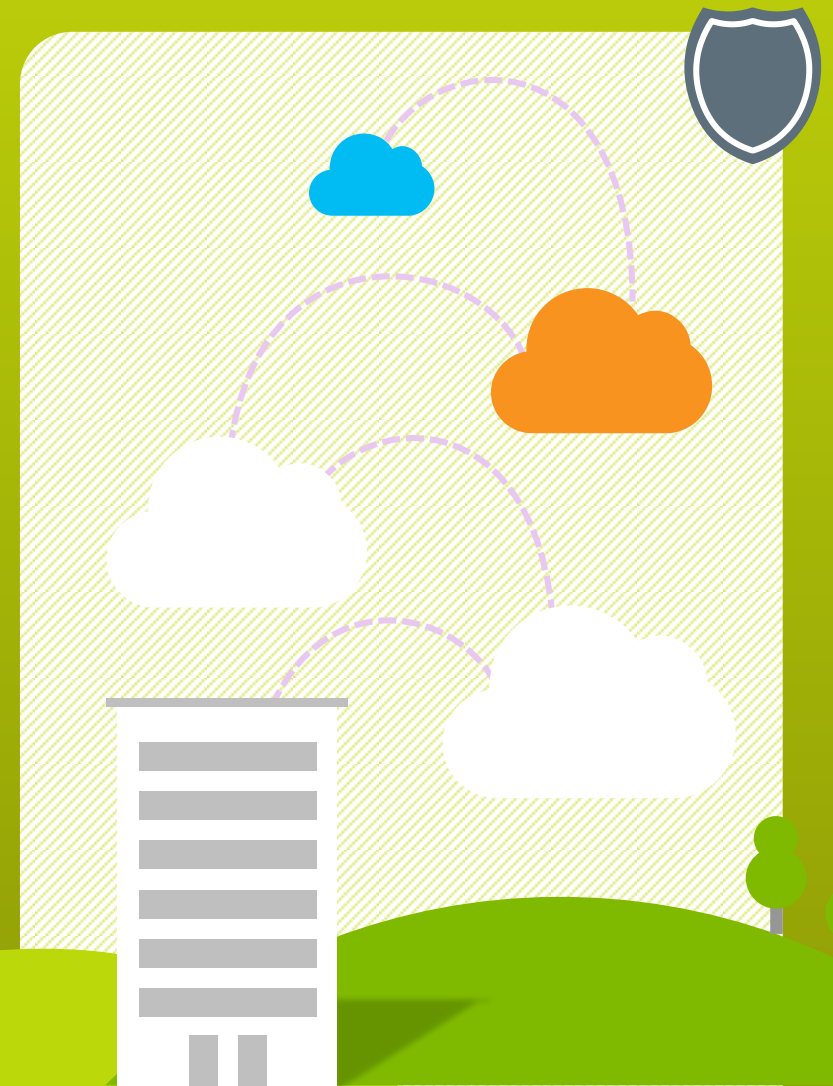


Network protection

Virtual
Networks

Network
Security
Groups

Cloud to
on-premises
connections

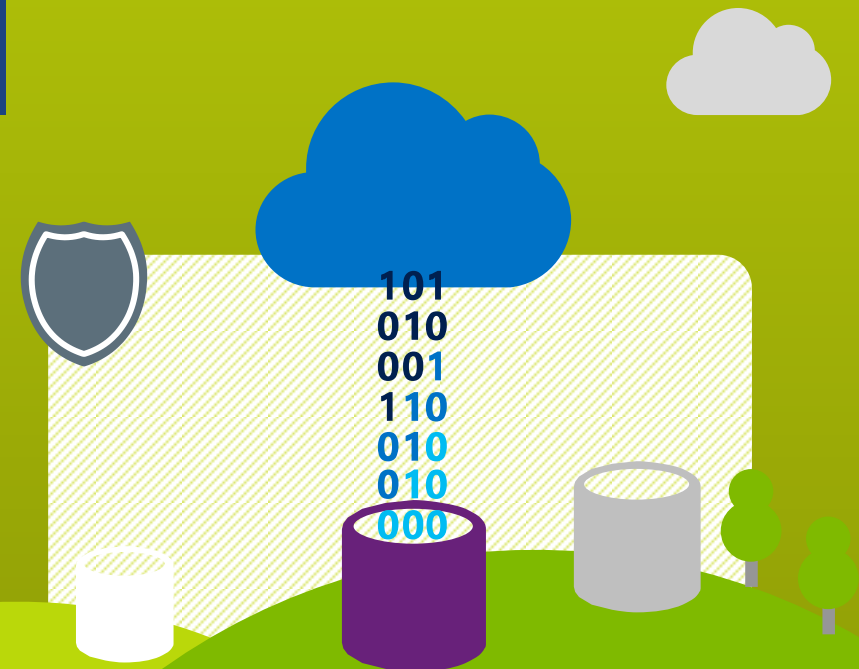


Data security

Encryption for
data in transit

Securing
data at rest

Data
segregation



Expanded ecosystem of partner solutions

Security partners



Where my data is located?

Where my data is located?

AZURE:

- Creates three copies of data in each datacenter
- Offers geo-replication in a datacenter hundreds of miles away
- Does not transfer Customer Data outside of a geo (ex: from US to Europe or from Asia to US)

CUSTOMER:

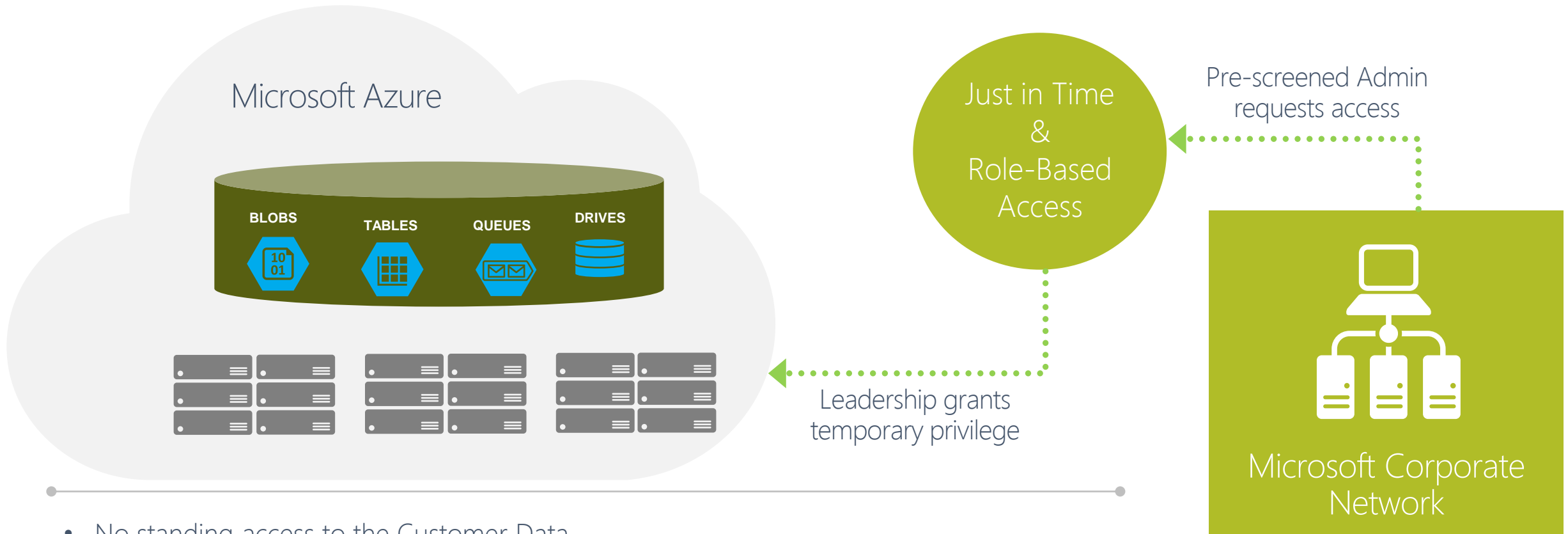
- Chooses where data resides
- Configures data replication options



Note: Microsoft Azure data centers, Australia – Q2 FY15

Does cloud provider access my data?

Does cloud provider access my data?



- No standing access to the Customer Data
- Grants least privilege required to complete task
- Multi-factor authentication required for all administration
- Access requests are audited, logged, and reviewed

I have heard that cloud is not secure. Is it?

Is the cloud secure or not?

Information security standards

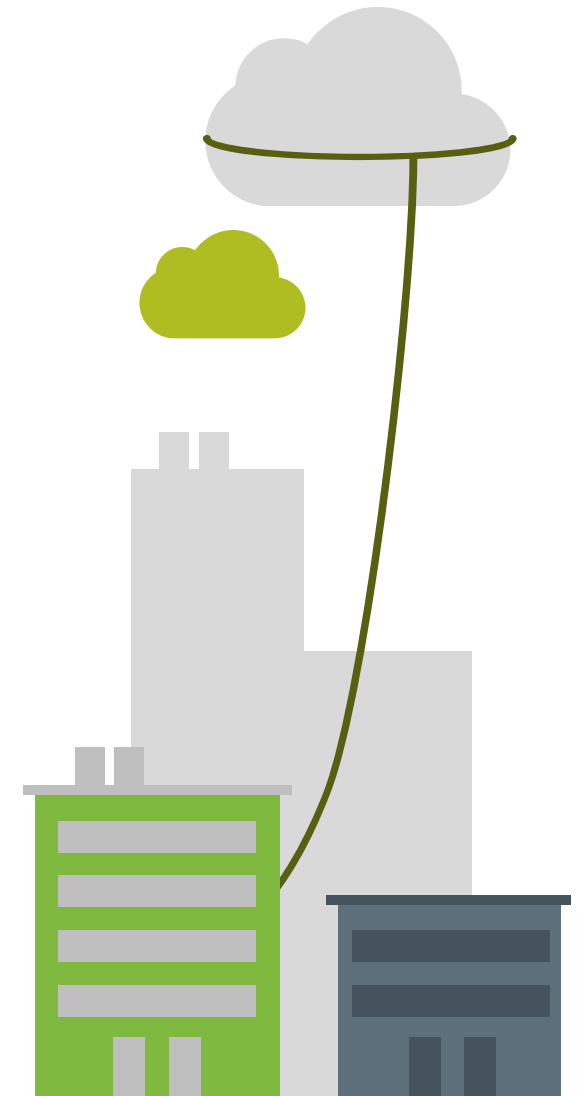
ISO 27001
ISO 27018
SOC 1 Type 2
SOC 2 Type 2

Government certifications

US FedRAMP/FISMA
US CJIS
UK G-Cloud
Australia IRAP
Singapore MCTS
EU Data Privacy Approval

Industry certifications

PCI DSS Level 1
HIPAA/HITECH
Life Sciences GxP



CONCLUSION

Cloud security

Assess risks

At least the same
as on-premises

Delegates
responsibility



Thank you!

squalio 
DPA group